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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/538,832	06/13/2005	Pia Norup Nielsen	P68468US1	5175
	7590 10/09/2001 OLMAN PLLC	EXAMINER		
400 SEVENTH STREET N.W.			ANDERSON, CATHARINE L	
SUITE 600 WASHINGTON, DC 20004			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3761	
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			10/09/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
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Office Action Summary	10/538,832	NIELSEN, PIA NORUP			
Cincornous.	Examiner	Art Unit			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	C. Lynne Anderson	3761 correspondence address			
Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>13 June 2005</u> .					
	· —				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-29 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-29 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers	•				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/21/05.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	Pate			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 27-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Nilsson (WO 91/00074).

Nilsson discloses a kit comprising a device for urinary catheterization, as shown in figure 1, and a pharmaceutically active composition comprising a hormone, as described on page 8, lines 3-8. The device comprises a catheter element 10 adapted to be inserted into the urethra of a female, as disclosed on page 1, lines 5-12. The pharmaceutically active agent is provided in a discrete unit dose a the tip 14 of the catheter, as shown in figure 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-14, and 21-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nilsson (WO 91/00074) in view of Hunter (WO 02/24246).

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With respect to claims 1-2 and 14, Nilsson discloses all aspects of the claimed invention with the exception of the pharmaceutically active composition being located on the outer surface of the catheter. Nilsson discloses a device comprising a urinary catheter element 10, as shown in figure 1. The catheter 10 has a pharmaceutically active composition comprising a hormone disposed therein, as disclosed on page 8, lines 3-8. The pharmaceutically active composition is delivered to the urinary tract during catheterization, as disclosed on page 8, lines 9-16.

Hunter teaches the application of a pharmaceutically active composition on the outer surface of a urinary catheter, as disclosed on page 2, lines 23-24. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to provide the pharmaceutically active composition on the outer surface of the urinary catheter of Nilsson, since Hunter teaches the predictable result of a pharmaceutically active composition being delivered to the user when the composition is coated on the surface of the catheter.

With respect to claim 3, Hunter discloses a major part of the composition being present on the outer surface of the catheter. With respect to the device being provided in a sealed package, it is well-known in the art to provide medical devices in a sealed package prior to use to prevent contamination of a device prior to insertion into the body of a patient. It would therefore be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to seal the device of Nilsson in a package to prevent contamination.

With respect to claim 4, Hunter discloses the composition is coated over the length of the catheter element.

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With respect to claim 5, Nilsson discloses the catheter is adapted for intermittent catheterization, as disclosed on page 10, lines 27-32.

With respect to claim 6, Nilsson discloses the catheter element is a female catheter, as disclosed on page 1, lines 5-8.

With respect to claims 7 and 9-10, Hunter discloses a hydrophilic coating in which the pharmaceutically active composition is impregnated, as described on page 2, lines 23-24.

With respect to claim 8, Hunter discloses a polymeric coating, as described on page 4, lines 17-18.

With respect to claim 11, Nilsson discloses depressions 15 on the outer surface, as shown in figure 1, which are adapted to hold the pharmaceutically active agent, as described on page 8, lines 3-8.

With respect to claims 12 and 13, Hunter discloses the coating is a lubricating gel, as described on page 2, lines 9-10.

With respect to claims 21-26, Nilsson discloses the use of the device to perform the method of treating a female suffering from incontinence, as disclosed on page 1, lines 5-29.

Claims 15-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nilsson (WO 91/00074) in view of Hunter (WO 02/24246), and further in view of Martan et al. ("Ultrasound imaging...," Ceska Gynekol, Jan. 1999).

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Nilsson, as modified by Hunter, discloses all aspects of the claimed invention with the exception of the hormone being oestriol or oestrogen. Martan teaches the use of oestriol and oestrogen in the treatment of females suffering from incontinence (see Abstract). The oestriol or oestrogent is administered intravaginally. It would therefore be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use oestriol or oestrogen as the hormone in the device of Nilsson, as taught by Martan, to effectively treat incontinence.

Claims 18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nilsson (WO 91/00074) in view of Hunter (WO 02/24246), and further in view of Ottoboni et al. (6,039,967).

Nilsson, as modified by Hunter, discloses all aspects of the claimed invention with the exception of the pharmaceutically active composition being an efferent blocking agent comprising oxybutynin. Ottoboni teaches the use of oxybutynin in the treatment of incontinence, as disclosed in column 5, lines 14-16. The oxybutynin is delivered to the urinary tract by a catheter coated with the composition, as disclosed in column 7, Example 7. It would therefore be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use oxybutynin as the pharmaceutically active composition of Nilsson, as taught by Ottoboni, to effectively treat incontinence.

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Conclusion

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The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. U.S. Patent 5,295,984 discloses the introduction of pharmaceutical agents intravaginally.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to C. Lynne Anderson whose telephone number is (571) 272-4932. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tanya Zalukaeva can be reached on (571) 272-1115. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

*W*V∕ cla

September 27, 2007

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